## LITTLE FLOWER SCHOOL, RAPTINAGAR, GORAKHPUR FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATION 2021-2022

Class: VI
Chemistry

Time: 2 Hours
Max. Marks: 100

## **SECTION - A**

I.	Fill in the blanks with suitable word(s):		[10x1=10]
	1) In change, there is change in substance.		
	2) Chemistry is the science of and their		
	<ul><li>3) A substance does not change in a change.</li><li>4) Mendeleev the elements.</li></ul>		
	5) Alchemists could not change	metals into gold.	
	6) The atoms of an element are all _	<del>.</del>	
	7) The constituents of a mixture	retain their properties.	
	8) Water containing dissolved air is a	a mixture.	
	9) The properties of a compound are	from those of its constituent elements.	
	10) Ammonium chloride can be	·	
II.	State whether the following statements are True or False:		[10x1=10]
	1) Carbon dioxide is a mixture of carbon and oxygen.		
	2) Priestley gave the atomic theory.		
	<ol> <li>Periodic table was put forward by Dalton.</li> <li>Things are ultimately made up of atoms.</li> <li>The symbol of an element represents a molecule of it.</li> <li>Distilled water is pure water.</li> <li>Components of a mixture can be separated by chemical means.</li> <li>Ammonium chloride cannot sublime.</li> </ol>		
	9) Compounds are made up of elements.		
	10) Gold is represented by the symbol Go.		
III.	Match the following:		[10x1=10]
	1) Boyle's Law	Water	
	2) Lustre	Chemical change	
	3) Hydrogen	Oxygen	
	4) Paramanus	Metals	
	5) Priestley	Dalton	
	6) Lavoisier	Physical change	
	7) Atomic theory	Dull looking	
	8) Melting of ice	Atoms	
	9) Burning of paper	Pop sound	
	10) Non metals	Robert Boyle	
IV.	Give one word for each of the following:		[5x1=5]
	1) A gas that neither burns nor supports burning.		
	2) A substance that sublimes on heating.		
	3) A gas which supports burning.		
	4) Method used to separate pure water from salt solution.		
	5) Method used for separating stones from sand.		

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## [Sublimation/Decantation] 4) Who authored the book 'The Sceptical Chymist'? [Robert Boyle/John Dalton] 5) Ammonium Chloride can be separated from sand by which method? [Sublimation/Sieving] **SECTION - B** VI. Pick the odd one out: [5x1=5]1) Melting, Freezing, Burning 2) Hydrogen, Carbon, Water 3) Water, Carbon Dioxide, Milk 4) Iron, Gold, Camphor 5) Iodine, Naphthalene, Chlorine VII. Differentiate between the following (any 2): [2x5=10]1) Mixture and Compound 2) Metals and Non-metals 3) Physical and Chemical changes VIII. Define the following terms (any 5): [5x2=10]4) Chemistry 1) Element 2) Atom 5) Base metals 6) Pure substance 3) Molecule IX. Answer the following in detail (any 5): [5x4=20]1) a) Who was the first to prepare hydrogen? Who prepared oxygen for the first time? b) Iron pillar near Qutub Minar in Delhi does not get rusted. Why? 2) What was the aim of alchemists? Did they succeed? Discuss. 3) Who disproved the four-element theory of the Greeks? What is meant by the elixir of life? 4) How did Lavoisier disprove the Greek theory of elements? 5) Describe sieving, giving two examples. 6) Which elements are represented by the following symbols? b) Na d) Zn a) K c) Br 7) What is a pure substance and a mixture? X. Draw and label the diagram of: [5x2=10]1) Test tube 4) Wire gauze 5) Conical Funnel 2) Beaker 3) Watch Glass XI. Internal Assessment [5]

[5x1=5]

V. Choose the correct option:

[Hydrogen/Carbon Dioxide]

1) The periodic table of elements was given by: [Mendeleev/Lavoisier]

2) The molecules of which of the following substances will contain same kind of atoms.

3) Which method can be used to separate mustard oil and water from the mixture of two

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